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Preparation and Synthetic Applications of Lithiated Vinyl Sulfones Derived from 3-Buten-1-ol and 4-Penten-1-ol

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Abstract: Vinyl sulfones (E)-4-tosyl-3-buten-1-ol (2) and its MOM-derivative 6, prepared by iodosulfonylation-dehydroiodination of 3-buten-1-ol (1), are regio and stereoselectively lithiated at the 4-position to afford intermediates 3 and 7, respectively. The protected derivative 7 can be alkylated and acylated at the vinylic position and both intermediates can also react with carbonyl compounds to give 1,5-diols which cyclize to the corresponding dihydropyrans 9. The MOM-derivative of (E)-5-tosyl-4-penten-1-ol (16), obtained by protection of the homologous 4-penten-1-ol (14) followed by iodosulfonylation-dehydroiodination, is regio and stereoselectively lithiated at the 5-position to provide monoanion 17 which reacts with electrophiles at this position affording products 18. Cyclization and desulfonylation reactions of representative obtained products 18 are studied.

INTRODUCTION

Vinyllithium intermediates stabilized by the sulfone group¹ can be prepared by direct lithiation of vinyl sulfones,² this reaction being facilitated by the presence of chelating functional groups through the so called CIPE-effect.³ Thus, intermediates of the type I⁴ and II⁵ with alkoxy and thioalkoxy groups at the β -position of the vinyl sulfone have been used as acetaldehyde and ketene anion enolate synthons, respectively. β -Acylvinyl anions III⁶ and IV⁶ derived from acrylic systems are useful intermediates in the synthesis of 1,4-dicarbonyl compounds,⁶.♂ cyclopentenones,⁶ and butenolides.⁷ Organolithium compounds derived from γ -functionalized vinyl sulfones with amine,⁶ oxidoʻ or methoxymethoxy (MOMO)¹⁰ groups of the type V have been applied to the synthesis of Z-allylamines,⁶ dihydrofurans,⁶ furans,ợゅ lactones,¹⁰a butenolides,ợゅ,¹⁰a and polypropionate chains.¹⁰b As a part of our current interest concerning remote anions derived from δ -functionalized vinyl sulfones,¹¹¹ we describe here the preparation and synthetic applications of lithium derivatives of δ or ϵ -functionalized vinyl sulfones of the type VI with an oxido or methoxymethoxy (MOMO) groups. These intermediates should allow the synthesis of cyclic ethers which are present in polyether antibiotics and other natural products.¹²

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

1. Vinyl sulfones derived from 3-buten-1-ol.

The one-pot iodosulfonylation-dehydroiodination 13 - 11 of 3-buten-1-ol (1) 15 with sodium p-toluenesulfinate and iodine in MeOH followed by treatment with 3 M NaOH afforded stereoselectively (E)-4-tosyl-3-buten-1-ol (2) in 83% yield. The lithiation of this alcohol with 3 equiv of LDA at -78°C for 30 min gave dianion 3 which was characterized as its deuterated equivalent 4 by reaction with CH₃OD (90% yield and 81% of deuterium incorporation 16). Dilithiated intermediate 3 reacted with carbonyl compounds under the reaction conditions described on Table 1 to give steroselectively unsaturated 1,5-diols 5 (Scheme 1).

Scheme 1.

The reaction of dianion 3 with other electrophiles such as alkyl halides and acyl chlorides failed. However, the methoxymethyl derivative 6 of vinyl sulfone 2, obtained by protection with dimethoxymethane 17 in 90% yield, was regio and stereoselectively lithiated at the vinylic position with n-butyllithium at -78 °C to give monoanion 7 which reacted with different electrophiles such as CH₃OD, alkyl halides, carbonyl compounds, benzoyl chloride, and cyclohexyl isocyanate to provide derivatives 8 (Scheme 2 and Table 2).

		product					
Carbonyl compound	reaction conditions	no.	R1	R ²	yield (%)a	$R_{ m f}^{ m b}$	
EtCHO	2.5 h, -78 to -30°C	5a	Et	Н	67	0.28	
PriCHO	3 h, -78 to -30°C	5 b	Pri	Н	72°	0.34	
ButCHO	3 h, -78 to 0°C	5 c	But	Н	53	0.49	
PhCHO	3 h, -78 to -25°C	5d	Ph	Н	72	0.51	
(CH ₂) ₅ CO	3 h, -78 to -25°C	5 e	(CH ₂) ₅		54	0.48	

Table 1. Reaction of Dilithiated Vinyl Sulfone 3 with Carbonyl Compounds.

Scheme 2.

Table 2. Reaction of Monoanion 7 with Electrophiles.

	reaction conditions	product				
Electrophile		no.	Е	yield (%)a	mp (°C)b or R _f c	
CH₃OD	15 min, -78°C	8a	D	90d	0.54	
MeI	1 h, -78 to -50°C	8 b	Me	72	0.58	
PhCH ₂ Br	1 h, -78 to -50°C	8 c	PhCH ₂	53	0.62	
PriCHO	3 h, -78 to -25°C	8d	PriCHOH	85e	0.54	
PhCHO	3 h, -78 to -25°C	8 e	PhCHOH	73	0.46	
PhCOCI	1 h, -78 to -50°C	8 f	PhCO	58	0.60	
CyNCO	1 h, -78 to -50°C	8 g	CyNHCO	56	133-134	

^a Based on sulfone 6, after column chromatography on silica gel. ^b Hexane/EtOAc. ^c Hexane/EtOAc: 1/1. ^d 81% of deuterium incorporation (300 MHz ¹H NMR). ^c Isolated crude yield, prior to transformation into dihydropyran 9a.

^a Based on alcohol 2, after column chromatography on silica gel. ^b Hexane/EtOAc: 1/3. ^c Isolated crude yield, prior to transformation into dihydropyran 9a.

Representative crude 1,5-diol derivatives **5b**, **8d** and **8e** were transformed into dihydropyrans **9a** and **9b** by treatment with H_3PO_4 under toluene reflux in 40, 41 and 58% yield, respectively, based on starting vinyl sulfones **2** and **6**, respectively. Under the same reaction conditions the ketone **8f** suffered β -elimination instead of cyclization to give the dienone **10** in 75% yield (Scheme 3).

Scheme 3.

The reductive elimination of the tosyl group with representative derivatives such as diol 5d and dihydropyran 9b was carried out with sodium amalgam 18 giving rise stereoselectively to the same alcohol 11 in 69 and 45% yield, respectively. These results can be explained by reduction of the carbon-carbon double bond followed by Julia olefination. Reduction of the double bond was also observed when the dihydropyran 9a, derived from isobutanal, was treated with sodium amalgam 18 affording the tetrahydropyran 12 in 45% yield. The benzylated derivative 8c suffered also reduction of the carbon-carbon double bond and reductive desulfonylation to lead to the formation of the saturated protected alcohol 13 in 87% yield (Scheme 4).

Scheme 4.

2. Vinyl sulfones derived from 4-penten-1-ol.

The iodosulfonylation-dehydroiodination of 4-penten-1-ol (14)⁷ provided the 2-(tosylmethyl) tetrahydrofuran (15) in 65% yield due to intramolecular conjugate addition of the alcohol to the vinyl sulfone. Therefore, the alcohol 14 was protected and the resulting MOM-derivative was iodosulfonylated-dehydroiodinated to afford the vinyl sulfone 16 in 77% yield. Lithiation of this sulfone with n-butyllithium, as it was described above for 2, led to the formation of monoanion 17 which reacted with different electrophiles: CH₃OD, alkyl halides, carbonyl compounds, benzoyl chloride and cyclohexyl isocyanate, under the conditions described on Table 3, affording compounds 18 (Scheme 5).

Table 3. Reaction of Monoanion 17 with Electrophiles.

Electrophile	reaction conditions	product				
		no.	Е	yield (%)a	mp (°C)b or R _f c	
CH₃OD	15 min, -78°C	18a	D	88d	0.48	
MeI	1 h, -78 to -50°C	18b	Me	76	0.56	
PhCH ₂ Br	1 h, -78 to -50°C	18c	PhCH ₂	62	0.63	
EtCHO	1 h, -78 to -60°C	18d	EtCHOH	73	0.38	
ButCHO	1 h, -78 to -60°C	18e	ВиСНОН	83	0.49	
PhCHO	1 h, -78 to -60°C	18f	PhCHOH	89	0.41	
PhCOC1	30 min, -78°C	18g	PhCO	53	0.55	
CyNCO	40 min, -78°C	18h	CyNHCO	62	83-84	

^a Based on sulfone 16, after column chromatography on silica gel. ^b Hexane/EtOAc. ^c Hexane/EtOAc: 1/1. ^d 92% of deuterium incorporation (300 MHz ¹H NMR).

When the tetrahydrofuran derivative 15 was treated with 2 equiv of n-butyllithium or 3 equiv of LDA at -78°C and then with propanal as electrophile a ca. 1/1 mixture of alcohols 21 and 22 in 42% yield was obtained. That means that the sulfone 15 could be used as starting material for the preparation of intermediate 19 by a β -elimination process, but unfortunately this dianion partially isomerizes to intermediate 20, probably through an intramolecular deprotonation promoted by the lithium alcoholate (Scheme 6).

Scheme 6.

The treatment of 1,6-diol derivatives 18d and 18f with H_3PO_4 under toluene reflux led to the formation of tetrahydrofurans 23 in 55 and 61% yield, respectively, instead to the corresponding tetrahydroepanes (Scheme 7). Compound 23d was isolated as a 1/1 mixture of Z/E diastereomers and 23f was stereoselectively obtained with E-configuration according to the observed 2% of NOE effect at the *ortho*-position of the tosyl when the olefinic hydrogen was irradiated.

Scheme 7.

When representative systems 18c, 18e, 18f, and 23f were submitted to reduction with sodium amalgam¹⁸ compounds 24-28 were obtained (Scheme 8). The benzylated sulfone 18c suffers the same process than compound 8c: reduction of the carbon-carbon double bond and subsequent desulfonylation to afford the MOM-protected 6-phenyl-1-hexanol 24 in 89% yield. The diol 18e derived from pivalaldehyde experiments desulfonylation to give the monoprotected diol 25 as a 1/3 mixture of Z/E diastereomers in 73% yield. However, diol 18f derived from benzaldehyde underwent reduction of the double bond and Julia olefination to provide compound 26 in 67% yield as in the case of compound 5d derived from 3-buten-1-ol (see text above and Scheme 4). Finally, the tetrahydrofuran 23f gave mainly product 27 as a 1/3 mixture of Z/E diastereomers in 60% yield together with 35% of detosylated tetrahydrofuran 28.

We concluded that remote vinylic anions derived from vinyl sulfones, easily prepared from 3-buten-1-ol and 4-penten-1-ol, are appropriate nucleophiles that can be functionalized at the δ - and ϵ -positions, respectively,

affording 1,5- and 1,6-bifunctionalized products which can be transformed into dihydropyrans and tetrahydrofurans derivatives.

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

General. Melting points were obtained with a Reichert Thermovar apparatus and are uncorrected. FT-IR spectra were obtained on a Nicolet Impact 400D spectrophotometer as neat liquids. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AC-300 (300 MHz for ¹H and 75 MHz for ¹³C) using CDCl₃ as solvent and TMS as internal standard; chemical shifts are given in δ (ppm) and coupling constants (J) are measured in Hz. ¹³C NMR assignments were made on the basis of DEPT experiments. Mass spectra (EI, 70 eV) were obtained on a Hewlett-Packard 5988A and a Shimadzu QP-5000 spectrometers, using in the latter a HP-1 capillary column (12 m X 0.2 mm i.d.; stationary phase 5% methyl silicone). High resolution mass spectra were measured in the Mass Spectrometry Service at the University of Zaragoza. Elemental analyses were performed by the Microanalyses Service at the University of Alicante. Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on Schleicher & Schuell F1400/LS 254 plates coated with a 0.2 mm layer of silica gel and UV visualization. Column chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 of 70-230 mesh. All starting materials were commercially available (Aldrich, Fluka, Across) of the best grade and were used without further purification. THF was dried over benzophenone ketyl under an argon atmosphere and distilled before use.

Synthesis of (E)-4-Tosyl-3-buten-1-ol (2): A suspension of 3-buten-1-ol (1) (0.72 g, 10 mmol) and sodium p-toluenesulfinate (5.16 g, 20 mmol) and iodine (3.05 g, 12 mmol) in methanol (50 mL) was stirred for 2 d at room temperature. Then, solvent was removed in vacuo (15 Torr) and the resulting residue was dissolved in EtOAc (50 mL) and washed with aqueous 0.2 M Na₂S₂O₃. The organic layer was decanted and aqueous 3 M NaOH was added and stirred for 1 d. The organic layer was separated, washed with brine (3x30 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated (15 Torr) and the resulting residue was purified by column

chromatography affording 1.876 g (83% yield) of pure compound 2: $R_{\rm f}$ 0.34 (hexane/EtOAc: 1/3); v 3508 (OH), 1634, 966 (C=CH), 1303, and 1143 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 2.42-2.49 (m with s at 2.42, 5H, C H_3 Ar, CHC H_2), 2.82 (s, 1H, OH), 3.72 (t, J=6.1, 2H, C H_2 OH), 6.44 (d, J=14.7, 1H, CHS), 6.97 (dt, J=14.7, 7.1, 1H, SCH=CH), 7.33, and 7.75 (2d, J=8.1, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.41 (CH₃Ar), 34.30 (CHCH₂), 60.00 (CH₂OH), 132.02, 143.23 (CH=CH), 127.42, 129.77, 137.12, and 144.26 (ArC); m/z 226 (M^+ , 2%), 196 (100), 179 (21), 161 (46), 157 (33), 139 (75), 131 (12), 130 (26), 129 (47), 115 (12), 108 (11), 107 (16), 92 (43), 91 (91), 89 (18), 77 (19), 70 (26), 65 (54), 63 (19), 51 (12), 43 (13), and 41 (15) (Found: M^+ 226.0666. Calcd. for C₁₁H₁₄O₃S: 226.0664).

Lithiation of (E)-4-Tosyl-3-buten-1-ol (2) and Reaction with Electrophiles. General Procedure. To a solution of (E)-4-tosyl-3-buten-1-ol (2) (68 mg, 0.3 mmol) in dry THF (2 mL) cooled at -78° C was added a solution of LDA (0.9 mmol) freshly prepared in THF (1 mL). After 30 min stirring, the corresponding electrophile was added (0.36 mmol) (see Table 1 for reaction conditions) and the reaction mixture was hydrolyzed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and extracted with EtOAc (3x20 mL). The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated (15 Torr) and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc) to afford compounds 4 and 5. Yields and physical data are included in Table 1, spectral and analytical data follow:

- (E)-4-Deuterio-4-tosyl-3-buten-1-ol (4): v 3508 (OH), 1634, 966 (C=CH), 1303, and 1143 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 2.43-2.50 (m with s at 2.43, 6H, CH₃Ar, CHCH₂, OH), 3.74 (t, J=6.1, 2H, CH₂OH), 6.97 (t, J=6.1, 1H, CD=CH), 7.33, and 7.75 (2d, J=8.1, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.46 (CH₃Ar), 34.31 (CHCH₂), 60.09 (CH₂OH), 127.49, 129.81, 137.21, 144.28 (ArC), 131.85 (t, J=26.9, CDS), and 143.06 (CD=CH); m/z 227 (M⁺, 3%), 198 (12), 197 (85), 196 (26), 180 (29), 162 (45), 157 (49), 139 (90), 132 (10), 131 (25), 130 (49), 129 (17), 116 (10), 108 (12), 107 (18), 93 (10), 92 (64), 91 (100), 90 (11), 89 (19), 77 (19), 71 (27), 65 (51), 63 (19), 51 (12), 43 (14), 42 (10), and 41 (12).
- (E)-4-Tosyl-3-heptene-1,5-diol (5a): v 3472 (OH), 1640, 983 (C=CH), 1284, and 1145 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 0.82 (t, J=7.3, 3H, C H_3 CH₂), 1.54, 1.72 (2m, 2H, C H_3 C H_2), 2.02 (s, 1H, OH), 2.43-2.58 (m with s at 2.43, 4H, C H_3 Ar, HCHCH₂OH), 2.83 (m, 1H, HCHCH₂OH), 3.18 (s, 1H, OH), 3.78 (m, 2H, C H_2 OH), 4.42 (dd, J=8.7, 5.0, 1H, CHOH), 7.02 (t, J=7.9, 1H, C=CH), 7.32, and 7.75 (2d, J=8.1, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 10.44 (CH₃CH₂), 21.57 (CH₃Ar), 29.83 (CH₃CH₂), 31.44 (CHCH₂CH₂), 60.49 (CH₂OH), 70.14 (CHOH), 127.91, 129.80, 137.22, 141.27, 144.28, and 145.66, (ArC, C=CH); m/z 248 (M⁺-36, 0.2%), 237 (21), 226 (11), 225 (100), 157 (12), 139 (21), 133 (11), 128 (16), 92 (12), 91 (37), 65 (15), and 41 (14).
- (E)-6,6-Dimethyl-4-tosyl-3-heptene-1,5-diol (5c): v 3489 (OH), 1632, 975 (C=CH), 1293, and 1146 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.00 [s, 9H, (CH₃)₃C], 2.41-2.47 (m with s at 2.41, 5H, CH₃Ar, CHCH₂), 2.90, 3.32 (2s, 2H, 2xOH), 3.69 (m, 2H, CH₂OH), 4.36 (s, 1H CHOH), 6.97 (t, J=7.6, 1H, C=CH), 7.30, and 7.76 (2d, J=8.2, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.52 (CH₃Ar), 27.02 [(CH₃)₃C], 32.90 [(CH₃)₃C], 37.61 (CHCH₂), 60.59 (CH₂OH), 76.81 (CHOH), 127.72, 129.71, 138.41, 143.96, 144.94, and 145.56, (ArC, C=CH); m/z 264 (M⁺-48, 0.5%), 256 (14), 238 (15), 225 (44), 157 (58), 140 (26), 139 (46), 101 (16), 100 (100), 99 (14), 93 (15), 92 (26), 91 (53), 83 (34), 77 (10), 69 (11), 65 (19), 58 (10), 57 (46), 55 (14), 53 (12), 43 (20), and 41 (42).
- (E)-I-Phenyl-2-tosyl-2-pentene-1,5-diol (5d): \vee 3473 (OH), 1640 (C=CH), 1299, and 1145 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 2.23, 2.49 (2m, 2H, CHCH₂), 2.37 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 2.98, 4.38 (2s, 2H, 2xOH), 3.66 (m, 2H, CH₂OH), 5.70 (s, 1H, CHOH), 7.14-7.26 (m, 8H, C=CH, ArH), and 7.61 (d, J=8.2, 2H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.50 (CH₃Ar), 31.31 (CHCH₂), 59.92 (CH₂OH), 68.31 (CHOH), 125.48, 127.13, 127.99, 128.11, 129.70, 136.44, 140.58, 142.69,

144.19, and 146.29 (ArC, C=CH); m/z 314 (M^+ -18, 0.3%), 177 (12), 176 (100), 157 (24), 139 (16), 130 (14), 129 (27), 128 (19), 120 (47), 115 (22), 105 (48), 92 (12), 91 (46), 79 (13), 77 (35), and 65 (18).

(E)-4-(1-Hydroxycyclohexyl)-4-tosyl-3-buten-1-ol (5e): v 3505 (OH), 1283, and 1142 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.15 (m, 1H, Cy), 1.44-1.89 (m, 9H, Cy), 2.41 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 2.63, 2.97 (2s, 2H, 2xOH), 2.78 (dt, J=7.7, 6.3, 2H, C=CHC H_2), 3.84 (t, J=6.3, 2H, C H_2 OH), 7.09 (t, J=7.7, 1H, C=CH), 7.28, and 7.68 (2d, J=8.0, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.15, 24.84, 37.19, [(CH₂)₅], 21.51 (CH₃Ar), 33.04 (C=CHCH₂), 61.09 (CH₂OH), 73.70 (COH), 139.81, 149.15 (C=CH), 127.03, 129.46, 139.23, and 143.38 (ArC); m/z 324 (M⁺, 0.9%), 169 (20), 168 (100), 157(19), 151 (12), 139 (57), 129 (13), 125 (17), 112 (11), 107 (12), 105 (10), 97 (21), 95 (10), 92 (13), 91 (44), 81 (22), 79 (17), 77 (12), 69 (11), 67 (17), 65 (19), 55 (25), 43 (13), and 41 (16) (Found: M⁺ 324.1393. Calcd. for C₁₇H₂₄O₄S: 324.1395).

Synthesis of (*E*)-4-(Methoxymethoxy)-1-butenyl *p*-Tolyl Sulfone (6) from Alcohol 2. A suspension of alcohol 2 (1.13 g, 5 mmol), LiBr (87 mg, 1 mmol) and *p*-TsOH·H₂O (95 mg, 0.5 mmol) in dimethoxymethane (10 mL) was stirred for 1 d and then brine was added. The resulting solution was extracted with ether (3x20 mL) and the organic layers were dried with Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo to give a crude product which was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc) affording pure compound 6 (82% yield): R_f 0.54 (hexane/EtOAc: 1/1); v 1638, 961 (C=CH), 1303, and 1145 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); δ_H 2.43 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 2.52 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 3.31 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.64 (t, *J*=6.3, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 4.58 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.41 (dt, *J*=15.0, 1.5, 1H, CHS), 6.98 (dt, *J*=15.0, 6.8, 1H, SCH=CH), 7.33, and 7.76 (2d, *J*=8.1, 4H, ArH); δ_C 21.51 (CH₃Ar), 31.72 (CHCH₂), 55.26 (OCH₃), 65.10 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.35 (OCH₂O), 132.27, 142.91 (CH=CH), 127.60, 129.80, 137.49, and 144.22 (ArC); m/z 239 (M^+ -31, 0.2%), 139 (16), 91 (19), 85 (28), 65 (12), and 45 (100). 19

Lithiation of (E)-4-(Methoxymethoxy)-1-butenyl p-Tolyl Sulfone (6) and Reaction with Electrophiles. General Procedure. To a solution of (E)-4-(methoxymethoxy)-1-butenyl p-tolyl sulfone (6) (71 mg, 0.25 mmol) in dry THF (3 mL) cooled at -78° C was added a 1.6M solution of n-butyllithium (188 μL, 0.3 mmol) in hexanes. After 30 min stirring, the corresponding electrophile was added (0.3 mmol) (see Table 2 for reaction conditions) and the reaction mixture was hydrolyzed with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl and extracted with EtOAc (3x20 mL). The organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄), evaporated (15 Torr) and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc) to give compounds 8. Yields and physical data are included in Table 2, spectral and analytical data follow:

(E)-4-Deuterio-4-(methoxymethoxy)-1-butenyl p-Tolyl Sulfone (8a): v 1638, 961 (C=CH), 1303, and 1145 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 2.43 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 2.52 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 3.31 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.64 (t, J=6.3, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 4.58 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.97 (m, 1H, SCD=CH), 7.33, and 7.76 (2d, J=8.2, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.49 (CH₃Ar), 31.65 (CHCH₂), 55.24 (OCH₃), 65.08 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.32 (OCH₂O), 132.25 (t, J=24.4, CDS), 142.80 (SCD=CH), 127.58, 129.78, 137.48, and 144.19 (ArC); m/z 180 (M^+ -91, 0.7%), 86 (14), and 45 (100). 19

(E)-I-Methyl-4-(methoxymethoxy)-1-butenyl p-Tolyl Sulfone (8b): v 1641 (C=CH), 1301, and 1148 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.85 (d, J=0.9, 3H, CH₃C), 2.43-2.50 (m with s at 2.43, 5H, CHC H_2 , C H_3 Ar), 3.35 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.64 (t, J=6.4, 2H, CH₂C H_2 O), 4.61 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.91 (m, 1H, C=CH), 7.32, and 7.73 (2d, J=8.4, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 11.64 (CH₃C), 21.53 (CH₃Ar), 29.03 (CHC H_2), 55.26 (OCH₃), 65.62 (CH₂C H_2 O), 96.41 (OCH₂O), 128.10, 129.68, 136.17, 144.04 (ArC), 137.10, and 138.72 (C=CH); m/z 223 (M⁺-61, 0.5%), 139 (20), 99(22), 91 (15), 65 (12), and 45 (100). 19

(E)-1-Benzyl-4-(methoxymethoxy)-1-butenyl p-Tolyl Sulfone (8c): v 3061, 3028, 1645, 1597 (C=CH), 1301, and 1145 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 2.36 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 2.43 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 3.33 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.58 (t, J=6.4, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 3.70 (s, 2H, CH₂C), 4.57 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.97-7.18 (m, 8H, C=CH, ArH), and 7.61 (d, J=8.2, 2H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.45 (CH₃Ar), 29.44 (CHCH₂), 32.12 (CH₂C), 55.26 (OCH₃), 65.43 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.35 (OCH₂O), 126.24, 128.10, 128.18, 128.29, 129.49, 136.69, 140.22, 141.77, and 143.85 (C=CH, ArC); m/z 360 (M⁺, 0.2%), 172 (35), 160 (18), 159 (27), 143 (13), 142 (14), 141 (14), 139 (38), 131 (18), 129 (24), 128 (30), 115 (18), 91 (38), 65 (14), and 45 (100) (Found: M⁺ 360.1392. Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₄O₄S: 360.1395).

(E)-1-Phenyl-5-(methoxymethoxy)-2-tosyl-2-penten-1-ol (8e): v 1638, 961 (C=CH), 1303, and 1145 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); δ_H 2.27-2.62 (m with s at 2.39, 5H, CHCH₂, CH₃Ar), 3.30 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.57 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 3.75 (d, J=7.6, 1H, OH), 4.56 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 5.73 (d, J=7.6, 1H, CHOH), 7.14-7.26 (m, 8H, C=CH, ArH), and 7.59 (d, J=8.2, 2H, ArH); δ_C 21.50 (CH₃Ar), 28.93 (CHCH₂), 55.36 (OCH₃), 64.97 (CH₂CH₂O), 68.61 (CHOH), 96.24 (OCH₂O), 125.49, 127.16, 127.94, 128.14, 129.59, 136.88, 140.60, 142.28, 144.08, and 146.03 (C=CH, ArC); m/z 331 (M⁺-45, 5%), 176 (10), 175 (29), 158 (14), 139 (15), 130 (17), 129 (16), 128 (17), 115 (11), 105 (42), 91 (27), 77 (20), 65 (13), 53 (11), 51 (10), 45 (100), 44 (29), and 43 (11).

(E)-5-(Methoxymethoxy)-2-tosyl-1-phenyl-2-penten-1-one (8f): v 3063, 1596 (C=CH), 1667 (C=O), 1319, and 1149 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 2.29 (dt, J=13.7, 6.1, 2H, CHC H_2), 2.43 (s, 3H, C H_3 Ar), 3.29 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.55 (t, J=6.3, 2H, CH₂C H_2 O), 4.53 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 7.31 (m, 3H, C=CH, ArH), 7.44-7.93 (m, 7H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.62 (CH₃Ar), 30.20 (CHC H_2), 55.27 (OCH₃), 64.89 (CH₂C H_2 O), 96.22 (OCH₂O), 128.47, 128.78, 129.67, 129.92, 134.46, 136.16, 136.64, 142.71, 143.54, 144.69 (C=CH, ArC), and 190.99 (C=O); m/z 329 (M⁺-CH₂OCH₃, 1%), 105 (53), 91 (20), 77 (39), 65 (11), 45 (100). 19

(E)-N-Cyclohexyl-5-(methoxymethoxy)-2-tosyl-2-pentenamide (8g): v 3231, 3069 (NH), 1651 (C=CH, C=O), 1302, and 1151 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.13-1.88 (m, 11H, Cy), 2.42 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 2.77 (dt, J=7.6, 6.0, 2H, C=CHCH₂), 3.37 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.70-3.82 (m with t at 3.72, J=6.0, 3H, CHN, CH₂CH₂O), 4.63 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 7.08 (d, J=7.9, 1H, NH), 7.31 (m, 3H, C=CH, ArH), and 7.74 (d, J=8.2, 2H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.61 (CH₃Ar), 24.63, 25.41, 32.68 (Cy), 30.26 (C=CHCH₂), 48.48 (CHN), 55.46 (OCH₃), 65.35 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.35 (OCH₂O), 139.99, 146.04 (C=CH), 128.15, 129.75, 136.27, 144.73 (ArC), and 159.55 (C=O); m/z 364 (M⁺-31, 2%), 350 (11), 333 (11), 332 (10), 253 (22), 252 (22), 139 (20), 98 (13), 91 (38), 55 (16), 53 (10), 45 (100), and 41 (17) (Found: C, 60.17; H, 7.07; N, 2.87; S, 7.33. Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₉NO₅S: C, 60.74; H, 7.39; N, 3.54; S, 8.11).

Cyclization of 1,5-Diols Derivatives 5b and 8e. General Procedure. A mixture of crude diol (0.25 mmol) and H₃PO₄ (98 µL, 1.68 mmol) in toluene (2 mL) was stirred under reflux during 1 h and then saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added at room temperature and this mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with NaHCO₃, dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated (15 Torr) and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc) to afford compounds 9. Yields are mentioned in the text and physical, spectral and analytical data follow:

(C=CH), 1301, and 1148 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 0.49, 0.99 [2d, J=6.9, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH], 2.15-2.52 [m with s at 2.44, 6H, CH₃Ar, (CH₃)₂CH, CHCH₂], 3.41 (td, J=10.8, 3.1, 1H, HCHO), 3.96 (dd, J=10.8, 5.6, 1H, HCHO), 4.27 (m, 1H, CHO), 7.22 (m, 1H, C=CH), 7.33, and 7.74 (2d, J=8.1, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 14.65, 19.57 [(CH₃)₂CH], 21.57 (CH₃Ar), 26.22 (CHCH₂), 30.00 [(CH₃)₂CH], 62.04 (CH₂O), 77.50 (CHO), 128.02, 129.71, 137.38, 144.22

(ArC), 139.73, and 142.86 (C=CH); m/z 280 (M^+ , 3%), 239 (18), 238 (100), 237 (96), 139 (10), 91 (39), 83 (16), 81 (11), 65 (16), 53 (14), 43 (15), and 41 (12) (Found: M^+ 280.1121. Calcd. for C₁₅H₂₀O₃S: 280.1133).

(E)-6-Phenyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-5-pyranyl p-Tolyl Sulfone (9b): mp 101-102° C (hexane/EtOAc); ν 3062, 3031, 1636 (C=CH), 1302, and 1149 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 2.32 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 2.51 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 3.65 (dt, J=11.5, 5.6, 1H, HCHO), 3.82 (dd, J=11.5, 5.7, 1H, HCHO), 5.45 (d, J=0.9, 1H, CHO), 6.98-7.26 (m, 9H, C=CH, ArH), and 7.42 (m, 1H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.39 (CH₃Ar), 25.97 (CHCH₂), 59.43 (CH₂O), 74.91 (CHO), 127.65, 127.92, 128.30, 129.17, 129.21, 136.63, 136.88, 138.73, 142.06, and 143.50 (C=CH, ArC); m/z 314 (M⁺, 41%), 159 (19), 158 (69), 157 (18), 131 (13), 130 (100), 129 (28), 128 (36), 127 (13), 115 (19), 105 (16), 102 (16), 91 (36), 77 (24), 65 (20), 53 (10), and 51 (14) (Found: C, 68.52; H, 5.35; S, 10.25. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₈O₃S: C, 68.77; H, 5.77; S, 10.20).

Synthesis of (2*E***)-2-Tosyl-1-phenyl-2,4-pentadien-1-one (10):** A mixture of crude ketone **8f** (0.25 mmol) and H₃PO₄ (98 μL, 1.68 mmol) in toluene (2 mL) was refluxed during 1 h and then saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ was added at room temperature and this mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with NaHCO₃, dried (Na₂SO₄) and evaporated (15 Torr) and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc) to afford compound **10** in 75% yield: mp 72-73°C (hexane/EtOAc); ν 3064, 1665, 1596 (C=O,C=CH), 1304, and 1149 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); δ _H 2.43 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 5.57 (d, *J*=10.3, 1H, *H*CH), 5.80 (d, *J*=16.8, 1H, HCH), 6.08 (ddd, *J*=16.8, 11.1, 10.3, 1H, CH=CH₂), and 7.30-7.89 (m, 10H, C=CH, ArH); δ _C 21.67 (CH₃Ar), 128.53, 128.88, 129.75, 130.03, 130.30, 130.40, 134.52, 136.45, 136.89, 141.10, 141.19, 144.79 (C=CHCH=CH₂, ArC), and 190.72 (CO); *m/z* 312 (*M*⁺, 20%), 141 (21), 139 (14), 129 (12), 128 (20), 105 (100), 91 (33), 77 (64), 65 (17), 57 (11), 51 (19), and 43 (27) (Found: C, 68.97; H, 5.45; S, 9.71. Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₆O₃S: C, 69.21; H, 5.16; S, 10.26).

Reduction of Compounds 5d, 8c, 9a and 9b with Sodium Amalgam. General Procedure. To a suspension of anhydrous Na₂HPO₄ (113 mg, 0.80 mmol) and ca. 5% sodium amalgan (1.84 g, 4 mmol) in dry methanol (3.5 mL) was dropped at 0° C a solution of the corresponding sulfone (0.2 mmol) in methanol (1.5 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature during 90 min. Then, the reaction was hydrolyzed with water and extracted with dichloromethane (3x15 mL). The organic layer was dried (Na₂SO₄), concentrated in vacuo (15 Torr) and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (hexane/EtOAc) to yield compounds 11, 12 and 13. Yields are included in the text, physical, spectroscopic and analytical data follow:

(E)-5-Phenyl-4-penten-1-ol (11)²⁰: R_f 0.42 (hexane/EtOAc: 1/1); v 3354 (OH), 3080, 3058, 1600, and 965 cm⁻¹ (C=CH); δ_H 1.76 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.32 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 3.72 (t, J=6.4, 2H, CH₂OH), 6.24 (dt, J=15.9, 6.9, 1H, ArCH=CH), 6.43 (d, J=15.9, 1H, ArCH), and 7.18-7.36 (m, 5H, ArH); δ_C 29.32 (CH₂CH₂CH₂), 32.25 (CHCH₂), 62.43 (CH₂OH), 125.95, 126.95, 128.49, 130.03, 130.39, and 137.62 (ArC, CH=CH); m/z 162 (M⁺, 37%), 144 (21), 143 (22), 130 (14), 129 (100), 128 (29), 118 (21), 117 (60), 116 (21), 115 (67), 105 (14), 104 (26), 92 (22), 91 (88), 78 (17), 77 (23), 66 (10), 65 (23), 63 (16), 51 (30), 50 (10), and 43 (52) (Found: M⁺ 162.1043. Calcd. for C₁₁H₁₄O: 162.1045).

trans-2-Isopropyl-3-tosyl-2H-pyran (12): mp 129-130° C (hexane/EtOAc); v 1102, 1085 (C-O), 1308, and 1141 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 0.94, 1.01 [2d, J=6.9, 6H, (CH₃)₂CH], 1.53-1.77 [m, 4H, SCH(CH₂)₂], 2.46-2.58 [m with s at 2.46, 4H, CH₃Ar, (CH₃)₂CH], 3.11 (ddd, J=11.0, 9.0, 4.3, 1H, HCHO), 3.29 (td, J=11.3, 2.7, 1H, CHS), 3.48 (dd, J=9.0, 2.4, 1H, HCHO), 3.89 (m, 1H, CHO), 7.36, and 7.74 (2d, J=8.2, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 14.82, 20.07 [(CH₃)₂CH], 21.61 (CH₃Ar), 25.13, 25.56, 29.79 [SCH(CH₂)₂, (CH₃)₂CH], 61.50 (CH₂O), 67.21, (CHS), 80.87 (CHO), 128.70, 129.74, 135.34, and 144.60 (ArC); m/z 239 (M⁺-43, 32%), 155 (47), 139 (35),

127 (22), 126 (81), 111 (15), 109 (20), 92 (19), 91 (70), 83 (37), 71 (96), 67 (17), 65 (32), 57 (18), 56 (13), 55 (80), 53 (12), 44 (14), 43 (100), and 42 (10). 19

1-(5-Methoxymethoxypentyl)benzene (13)^{21, 22}: R_f 0.72 (hexane/EtOAc: 2/1); v 3084, 3062 (C=CH), 1147, 1112, and 1045 cm⁻¹ (C-O); δ_H 1.36-1.70 [m, 6H, (C H_2)₃CH₂O], 2.62 (t, J=7.9, 2H, C H_2 Ar), 3.35 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.52 (t, J=6.4, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 4.61 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 7.16-7.30 (m, 5H, ArH); δ_C 25.90, 29.61, 31.29, 35.91 [Ar(CH₂)₄], 55.08 (OCH₃), 67.72 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.39 (OCH₂O), 125.62, 128.24, 128.37, and 142.61 (ArC); m/z 177 (M⁺-31, 1%), 145 (44), 117 (28), 105 (10), 104 (14), 92 (12), 91 (94), 65 (18), and 45 (100). ¹⁹

Synthesis of 2-(Tosylmethyl)tetrahydrofuran (15): This compound was prepared by iodosulfonylation-dehydroiodination of 4-penten-1-ol (14) in the same manner that for alcohol 2 and isolated in 65% yield: mp 58-59° C (hexane/EtOAc); v 1086, 1056 (C-O), 1303, and 1142 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.65, 1.87, 2.10 [3m, 4H, CH(C H_2)₂], 2.44 (s, 3H, C H_3 Ar), 3.20, 3.41 (2dd, J=14.1, 6.4, 6.0, 2H, SCH₂), 3.65-3.82 (m, 2H, CH₂O), 4.23 (m, 1H, CHO), 7.35, and 7.80 (2d, J=8.1, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.44 (CH₃Ar), 25.11, 31.42 [CH(CH₂)₂], 61.04 (CH₂O), 67.82 (CH₂S), 72.76 (CHO), 127.90, 129.63, 136.74, and 144.50 (ArC); m/z 197 (M⁺-43, 0.3%), 92 (15), 91 (29), 85 (27), 84 (100), 71 (44), 65 (21), 56 (17), 55 (16), 44 (13), 43 (66), 42 (18), 41 (30), and 40 (23) (Found: C, 59.81; H, 6.87; S, 13.18. Calcd. for C₁₂H₁₆O₃S: C, 59.98; H, 6.71; S, 13.34).

Synthesis of (*E*)-5-(Methoxymethoxy)-1-pentenyl *p*-Tolyl Sulfone (16): 4-Penten-1-ol (14) was protected as MOM ether in the way indicated above for alcohol 2 in quantitative yield. Then, compound 16 was prepared by iodosulfonylation-dehydroiodination of protected alcohol 14 under the same reaction conditions mentioned before for alcohol 1 in 85% yield: R_f 0.48 (hexane/EtOAc: 1/1); v 1634 (C=CH), 1303, and 1146 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); δ_H 1.75 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 2.35 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 2.43 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 3.31 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.51 (t, J=6.1, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 4.57 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.33 (d, J=15.0, 1H, CHS), 6.97 (dt, J=15.0, 6.9, 1H, SCH=CH), 7.33, and 7.75 (2d, J=8.1, 4H, ArH); δ_C 21.50 (*C*H₃Ar), 27.74, 28.24 [CH(*C*H₂)₂], 55.11 (OCH₃), 66.38 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.35 (OCH₂O), 131.04, 145.67 (CH=CH), 127.54, 129.80, 137.66, and 144.15 (ArC); m/z 284 (M⁺, 0.1%), 139 (29), 129 (11), 97 (42), 91 (27), 71 (12), 65 (16), and 45 (100) (Found: M⁺ 284.1084, Calcd. for C₁₄H₂₀O₄S: 284.1082).

Lithiation of (E)-5-(Methoxymethoxy)-1-pentenyl p-Tolyl Sulfone (16) and Reaction with Electrophiles. General Procedure. Metallation of (E)-5-(methoxymethoxy)-1-pentenyl p-tolyl sulfone (16) was carried out in the same way as for compound 6. Then, the corresponding electrophiles were added (0.3 mmol) (see Table 3 for reaction conditions). After the treatment above-mentioned, compounds 18 were obtained with yields and physical data indicated in Table 3. Spectral and analytical data follow:

(E)-1-Deuterio-5-(methoxymethoxy)-1-pentenyl p-Tolyl Sulfone (18a): ν 1634 (C=CH), 1303, and 1146 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.75 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 2.34 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 2.43 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 3.31 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.51 (t, J=6.3, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 4.57 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.96 (t, J=6.9, 1H, SCD=CH), 7.33, and 7.75 (2d, J=8.2, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.50 (CH₃Ar), 27.73, 28.20 [CH(CH₂)₂], 55.12 (OCH₃), 66.38 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.35 (OCH₂O), 130.71 (t, J=27.5, CDS), 145.58 (SCD=CH), 127.54, 129.80, 137.65, and 144.16 (ArC); m/z 285 (M⁺, 0.1%), 139 (28), 130 (11), 98 (33), 91 (25), 65 (13), and 45 (100).

(E)-6-(Methoxymethoxy)-2-tosyl-2-hexene (18b): v = 1649 (C=CH), 1300, and 1150 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_H = 1.76$ (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 1.82 (d, J=1.5, 3H, CH₃C), 2.28 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 2.43 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 3.33 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.51 (t, J=6.3, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 4.59 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.87 (m, 1H, C=CH), 7.32, and 7.73 (2d, J=8.2, 4H, ArH); $\delta_C = 11.42$ (CH₃C), 21.53 (CH₃Ar), 25.10, 28.30 [(CH₂)₂CH₂O], 55.16 (OCH₃), 66.74 (CH₂CH₂O),

96.42 (OCH₂O), 137.49, 139.71 (C=CH), 128.04, 129.70, 136.20, and 144.02 (ArC); m/z 267 (M^+ -31, 1%), 139 (13), 45 (100), 44 (27), and 43 (15). 19

(E)-6-(Methoxymethoxy)-1-phenyl-2-tosyl-2-hexene (18c): v 3061, 3028, 1641 (C=CH), 1301, and 1147 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.70 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.27 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 2.36 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 3.30 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.46 (t, J=6.3, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 3.68 (s, 2H, CH₂C), 4.54 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.96-7.18 (m, 8H, C=CH, ArH), 7.60 (d, J=8.2, 2H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.43 (CH₃Ar), 25.68, 28.29 [(CH₂)₂CH₂O], 31.97 (CH₂C), 55.15 (OCH₃), 66.58 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.34 (OCH₂O), 126.20, 128.09, 128.11, 128.25, 129.48, 136.84, 136.87, 140.62, 142.86, and 143.79 (C=CH, ArC); m/z 373 (M⁺-1, 0.2%), 342 (13), 187 (31), 186 (50), 185 (18), 174 (19), 173 (46), 169 (14), 157 (17), 156 (18), 155 (20), 145 (25), 143 (18), 142 (17), 141 (30), 139 (64), 131 (21), 130 (51), 129 (66), 128 (47), 127 (13), 117 (19), 115 (40), 105 (13), 92 (12), 91 (86), 77 (12), 71 (10), 65 (21), and 45 (100). 19

(E)-8-(Methoxymethoxy)-4-tosyl-4-octen-3-ol (18d): v 3504 (OH), 1637 (C=CH), 1299, and 1145 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 0.82 (t, J=7.3, 3H, C H_3 CH₂), 1.49-1.88 (m, 4H, CH₂C H_2 CH₂, CH₃C H_2), 2.43-2.63 (m with s at 2.43, 5H, C H_3 Ar, C=CHC H_2), 2.80 (br. s, 1H, OH), 3.31 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.54 (t, J=6.1, 2H, CH₂C H_2 O), 4.46 (dd, J=8.9, 5.5, 1H, CHOH), 4.57 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.93 (t, J=7.6, 1H, C=CH), 7.31, and 7.74 (2d, J=8.4, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 10.42 (CH₃CH₂), 21.50 (CH₃Ar), 25.31, 28.54, 29.83 [(CH₂)₂CH₂O, CH₃CH₂], 55.16 (OCH₃), 66.59 (CH₂CH₂O), 70.31 (CHOH), 96.36 (OCH₂O), 127.78, 129.67, 137.96, 143.79, and 144.04 (C=CH, ArC); m/z 313 (M⁺-29, 0.4%), 281 (24), 252 (10), 251 (71), 157 (15), 141 (19), 139 (27), 125 (12), 124 (21), 95 (15), 92 (10), 91 (35), 79 (11), 67 (13), 65 (14), 57 (12), 55 (13), 45 (100), and 41 (13).

(E)-8-(Methoxymethoxy)-2,2-dimethyl-4-tosyl-4-octen-3-ol (18e): ν 3507 (OH), 1631 (C=CH), 1300, and 1145 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.02 [s, 9H, (CH₃)₃C], 1.68 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.30-2.63 (m with s at 2.42, 6H, CH₃Ar, CHCH₂, OH), 3.27 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.40 (t, J=6.1, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 4.41 (d, J=6.7, 1H, CHOH), 4.47 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.76 (t, J=7.3, 1H, C=CH), 7.30, and 7.78 (2d, J=8.4, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.46 (CH₃Ar), 26.83, 28.43 [(CH₂)₂CH₂O], 26.90 [(CH₃)₃C], 37.61 [(CH₃)₃C], 55.09 (OCH₃), 66.41 (CH₂CH₂O), 77.16 (CHOH), 96.23 (OCH₂O), 127.55, 129.59, 139.31, 143.82, 144.06, and 147.29 (C=CH, ArC); m/z 339 (M⁺-31, 0.3%), 282 (15), 281 (25), 252 (17), 251 (100), 157 (14), 139 (29), 127 (15), 109 (10), 95 (13), 92 (11), 91 (29), 81 (11), 67 (13), 65 (11), 57 (30), 45 (76), and 41 (28).

(E)-6-(Methoxymethoxy)-1-phenyl-2-tosyl-2-hexen-1-ol (18f): ν 3477 (OH), 3061. 3029, 1638 (C=CH), 1300, and 1146 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.69 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.22-2.42 (m with s at 2.37, 5H, CH₃Ar, CHCH₂), 3.29 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.44 (t, J=6.1, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 3.67 (s, 1H, OH), 4.53 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 5.77 (s, 1H, CHOH), 7.09-7.18 (m, 8H, C=CH, ArH), and 7.52 (d, J=8.2, 2H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.45 (CH₃Ar), 25.39, 28.10 [(CH₂)₂CH₂O], 55.16 (OCH₃), 66.41 (CH₂CH₂O), 68.74 (CHOH), 96.23 (OCH₂O), 125.42, 127.09, 127.75, 128.06, 129.52, 137.24, 140.28, 143.87, 143.88, and 145.47 (C=CH, ArC); m/z 345 (M⁺-45, 12%), 190 (11), 189 (36), 172 (11), 146 (24), 145 (15), 143 (15), 139 (27), 128 (13), 115 (17), 105 (74), 91 (43), 79 (13), 77 (30), 65 (16), and 45 (100).

(E)-6-(Methoxymethoxy)-2-tosyl-1-phenyl-2-hexen-1-one (18g): v 3063, 1633 (C=CH), 1668 (C=O), 1305, and 1148 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.70 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.12 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 2.43 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 3.24 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.39 (t, J=6.1, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 4.47 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 7.23 (t, J=7.9, 1H, C=CH), 7.30-7.91 (m, 9H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.62 (CH₃Ar), 26.83, 28.15 [(CH₂)₂CH₂O], 55.13 (OCH₃), 66.31 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.27 (OCH₂O), 128.43, 128.80, 129.67, 129.79, 134.41, 136.35, 136.78, 142.32, 144.64, 145.33 (C=CH, ArC), and 191.05 (C=O); m/z 357 (M⁺-31, 2%), 279 (17), 139 (13), 105 (100), 91 (29), 77 (48), 65 (12), and 45 (84). 19

(E)-N-Cyclohexyl-6-(methoxymethoxy)-2-tosyl-2-hexenamide (18h): ν 3365 (NH), 1669 (C=O), 1636 (C=CH), 1304, and 1146 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.13-1.36, 1.59-1.88 (2m, 12H, Cy, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.42 (s, 3H, CH₃Ar), 2.62 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 3.35 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.56 (t, J=6.0, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 3.75 (m, 1H, CHN), 4.60 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.97 (d, J=8.6, 1H, NH), 7.26 (t, J=7.8, 1H, C=CH), 7.31, and 7.71 (2d, J=8.1, 4H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.57 (CH₃Ar), 24.63, 25.35, 32.62 (Cy), 26.80, 28.36 [C=CH(CH₂)₂], 48.48 (CHN), 55.20 (OCH₃), 66.75 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.34 (OCH₂O), 138.06, 149.66 (C=CH), 127.91, 129.79, 136.01, 144.74 (ArC), and 159.45 (C=O); m/z 409 (M⁺, 0.6%), 267 (22), 266 (15), 257 (19), 139 (24), 119 (10), 98 (19), 91 (47), 67 (13), 65 (15), 56 (15), 55 (21), 45 (10), and 41 (19) (Found: C, 61.48; H, 7.83; N, 3.54; S, 7.62. Calcd. for C₂₁H₃₁NO₅S: C, 61.59; H, 7.63; N, 3.42; S, 7.83).

Lithiation of 2-(Tosylmethyl)tetrahydrofuran (15) and Reaction with Propanal. Metallation of 2-(tosylmethyl)tetrahydrofuran (15) was carried out in the same way as for compound 6 with 2 equiv of n-butyllithium or 3 equiv of LDA. Then propanal was added (0.3 mmol, $22 \mu L$) and after the treatment indicated before, a ca. 1/1 mixture of alcohols 21 and 22 was obtained. Yield is included in the text, physical, spectral and analytical data follow:

(E)-5-Tosyl-4-octen-1,6-diol (21) and (E)-5-Tosyl-3-octen-1,6-diol (22)²³: R_f 0.38 (hexane/EtOAc: 1/3);²⁴ ν 3470 (OH), 1640 (C=CH), 1284, and 1145 cm⁻¹ (SO₂);²⁴ δ_H 0.82, 0.92 (2t, J=7.3, 3H, CH₂CH₃), 1.31-1.83 (m, 3H, CH₃CH₂, CH₂CH₂CH₂DH, CHS), 4.33 (m, 0.5H, CHCH0H), 4.45 (dd, J=8.9, 5.5, 0.5H, CCH0H), 5.47 (dt, J=15.6, 7.2, 1H, CH=CHCH₂), 5.75 (dd, J=15.6, 9.9, 1H, CH=CHCH₂), 6.95 (td, J=7.9, 2.1, 0.5H, C=CH), 7.33, 7.36, 7.73, and 7.74 (4d, J=8.4, 4H, ArH); δ_C 9.91, 10.46 (ICH₃CH₂), 21.55, 21.61 (ICH₃Ar), 24.80, 27.74, 29.87, 30.86, 36.03 [(ICH₂)₂CH₂OH, CH₃CH₂, CHCH₂CH₂OH], 119.79, 127.82, 128.86, 129.62, 129.78, 134.46, 137.41, 138.50, 143.88, 144.22, and 145.01 (ArC, C=CH, CH=CH); ICH=CH); ICH=0.04, 19.24

Cyclization of 1,6-Diols Derivatives 18d and 18f. General Procedure. These cyclizations were carried out in the same way as for 1,5-diols to afford compounds 23d and 23f whose yields are mentioned in the text and physical, spectral and analytical data follow:

(E/Z)-1-Tosyl-1-(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)-1-butene (23d): $R_{\rm f}$ 0.56, 0.49 (hexane/EtOAc:2/1);²⁴ ν 1639 (C=CH), 1301, and 1139 cm⁻¹ (SO₂);²⁴ δ_H 0.96, 1.11 (2t, J=7.6, 3H, CH₂CH₃), 1.83-2.68 (m with s at 2.43, 9H, CH₃Ar, OCH(CH₂)₂, CH₂CH₃], 3.65-4.00 (m, 2H, CH₂O), 4.64 (m, 1H, CHO), 6.34 (t, J=7.5, 0.5H, C=CH, Z), 7.00 (t, J=7.5, 0.5H, C=CH, E), 7.29, 7.31, 7.73, and 7.78 (4d, J=8.2, 4H, ArH); δ_C 13.20, 13.29 (CH₃CH₂), 21.56 (CH₃Ar), 21.66, 21.75, 25.56, 26.28, 32.90, 33.66 [OCH(CH₂)₂, CH₃CH₂], 68.39, 68.63 (CH₂O), 75.41, 77.53 (CHO), 127.17, 127.71, 129.46, 129.65, 138.42, 139.18, 143.62, 144.05, (ArC), 141.24, 141.88, 143.19, and 145.63 (C=CH); m/z 280 (M⁺, 2%), 251 (23), 237 (10), 157 (21), 141 (57), 139 (21), 125 (28), 124 (100), 123 (21), 109 (14), 107 (15), 97 (15), 96 (52), 95 (31), 92 (17), 91 (53), 83 (45), 82 (77), 81 (30), 79 (21), 77 (17), 71 (29), 69 (10), 67 (19), 65 (32), 55 (41), 53 (24), 43 (26), and 41 (37)²⁴ (Found: M⁺ 280.1130. Calcd. for C₁₅H₂₀O₃S: 280.1133).²⁴

(E)-2-Phenyl-1-tosyl-1-(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)-1-ethene (23f): mp 91-92°C (hexane/EtOAc); v 3060, 3027, 1620 (C=CH), 1300, and 1147 cm⁻¹ (SO₂); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.79-2.50 [m with s at 2.42, 7H, CH(CH₂)₂, CH₃Ar], 3.64, 3.90 (2m, 2H, CH₂O), 4.88 (t, J=7.9, 1H, CHO), 7.26-7.41 (m, 7H, ArH), 7.81 (d, J=8.2, 2H, ArH), and 8.00 (s, 1H, C=CH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 21.58 (CH₃Ar), 26.37, 32.43 [(CH₂)₂CH₂O], 68.70 (CH₂O), 75.19 (CHO), 127.59,

128.51, 129.34, 133.36, 139.72, 141.17, 142.72, and 143.55 (C=CH, ArC); m/z 189 (53), 188 (15), 173 (M^+ Ts, 70%), 172 (100), 171 (49), 157 (13), 144 (10), 131 (58), 130 (25), 129 (21), 128 (18), 116 (17), 115 (29), 103 (30), 102 (24), 91 (46), 89 (11), 77 (27), 71 (20), 65 (34), 63 (12), 53 (11), 51 (17), 44 (97), 43 (43), and 42 (41) (Found: C, 69.58; H, 6.27; S, 9.57. Calcd. for $C_{19}H_{20}O_3S$: C, 69.49; H, 6.14; S, 9.76).

Reduction of Compounds 18c, 18e, 18f and 23f with Sodium Amalgam. General Procedure. The desulfonylation of these compounds was carried out under the same reaction conditions indicated above yielding compounds 24-28. Yields are included in the text, physical, spectroscopic and analytical data follow:

1-(6-Methoxymethoxyhexyl)benzene (24)²²: R_f 0.87 (hexane/EtOAc: 1/1); v 3059, 3026 (C=CH), 1147, 1112, and 1045 cm⁻¹ (C-O); δ_H 1.36-1.73 [m, 8H, (C H_2)₄CH₂O], 2.61 (t, J=7.6, 2H, C H_2 Ar), 3.35 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.51 (t, J=6.6, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 4.62 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 7.15-7.30 (m, 5H, ArH); δ_C 26.07, 29.05, 29.65, 31.39, 35.87 [Ar(CH₂)₅], 55.07 (OCH₃), 67.78 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.37 (OCH₂O), 125.57, 128.21, 128.36, and 142.74 (ArC); m/z 191 (M⁺-31, 2%), 190 (15), 159 (22), 131 (15), 118 (19), 117 (66), 105 (15), 104 (27), 92 (24), 91 (100), 81 (12), 65 (21), 55 (11), and 45 (100).

(E/Z)-2,2-Dimethyl-8-(methoxymethoxy)-4-octen-3-ol (25): $R_{\rm f}$ 0.67 (hexane/EtOAc: 1/1);²⁴ ν 3487 (OH), 1149, 1112, and 1041 cm⁻¹ (C-O);²⁴ δ_H 0.90, 0.91 [2s, 9H, (CH₃)₃C], 1.43 (s, 1H, OH), 1.69 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.15 (m, 2H, CHCH₂), 3.37 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.53 (m, 2H, CH₂CH₂O), 3.70, 4.09 (2d, J=6.7, 8.2, 1H, CHOH), 4.62 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), and 5.59 (m, 2H, CH=CH); δ_C 25.47, 25.68 [(CH₃)₃C], 28.95, 29.32, 29.40 [CH(CH₂)₂], 34.73, 34.93 [(CH₃)₃C], 55.12, 55.22 (OCH₃), 66.99, 67.08 (CH₂CH₂O), 74.65, 80.97 (CHOH), 96.41 (OCH₂O), 130.09, 130.38, 132.33, and 132.66 (CH=CH); m/z 159 (M⁺-Bu[†], 4%), 127 (22), 98 (10), 97 (100), 95 (12), 93 (10), 83 (11), 81 (15), 79 (16), 71 (26), 70 (11), 69 (27), 67 (18), 57 (45), 55 (60), 45 (82), 43 (47), and 42 (14). 19.24

I-(6-Methoxymethoxy-1-hexenyl)benzene (26)²⁵: R_f 0.81 (hexane/EtOAc: 1/1); ν 3060, 3026, 1601 (C=CH) and 1050 cm⁻¹ (C-O); δ_H 1.65 [m, 4H, (C H_2)₂CH₂O], 2.25 (m, 2H, CHC H_2), 3.36 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.55 (t, J=6.3, 2H, CH₂C H_2 O), 4.63 (s, 2H, OCH₂O), 6.21 (dt, J=15.6, 6.8, 1H, CHCH₂), 6.39 (d, J=15.6, 1H, CH=CHCH₂), 7.16-7.35 (m, 5H, ArH); δ_C 25.98, 29.27, 32.75 [CH(CH₂)₃], 55.12 (OCH₃), 67.59 (CH₂CH₂O), 96.41 (OCH₂O), 125.91, 126.83, 128.46, 130.10, 130.60, and 137.80 (ArC, CH=CH); m/z 189 (M⁺-31, 0.6%), 157 (19), 130 (11), 129 (37), 117 (16), 115 (32), 104 (17), 91 (54), and 45 (100).

(E/Z)-6-Phenyl-4-hexen-1-ol (27)^{20c}: R_f 0.38 (hexane/EtOAc: 1/1);²⁴ v 3352 (OH), 3084, 3062, 3026, 1603, 968 (C=CH), and 1055 cm⁻¹ (C-O);²⁴ δ_H 1.58 (s, 1H, OH), 1.66 (m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.13, 2.26 (2m, 2H, CHCH₂CH₂), 3.34, 3.42 (2d, J=6.1, 6.7, 2H, ArCH₂), 3.66 (m, 2H, CH₂O), 5.57 (m, 2H, CH=CH), and 7.16-7.32 (m, 5H, ArH); δ_C 28.80, 29.04 (CH₂CH₂O), 32.32, 32.70 (CHCH₂CH₂), 39.00 (ArCH₂), 62.54, 63.02 (CH₂O), 125.61, 125.92, 128.23, 128.29, 128.37, 128.44, 129.59, 131.05, 140.83, and 142.72 (ArC, CH=CH); m/z 176 (M⁺, 3%), 130 (15), 129 (18), 117 (31), 115 (17), 104 (54), 92 (29), 91 (100), 77 (11), 65 (24), and 51 (13).²⁴

(E)-2-Phenyl-1-(tetrahydro-2-furanyl)-1-ethene (28)²⁶: $R_{\rm f}$ 0.74 (hexane/EtOAc: 2/1); v 3081, 3058, 3025, 1599, 966 (C=CH), and 1053 cm⁻¹ (C-O); $\delta_{\rm H}$ 1.66-2.19 [m, 4H, OCH(CH₂)₂], 3.85, 3.98 (2m, 2H, CH₂O), 4.48 (c, J=6.8, 1H, CHO), 6.21 (dd, J=15.9, 6.8, 1H, CHCHO), 6.59 (d, J=15.9, 1H, CH=CHCHO), 7.20-7.40 (m, 5H, ArH); $\delta_{\rm C}$ 25.90, 32.39 [OCH(CH₂)₂], 68.16 (CH₂O), 79.65 (CHO), 126.45, 127.47, 128.49, 130.43, 130.53, and 136.87 (CH=CH, ArH); m/z 174 (M⁺, 51%), 173 (19), 131 (34), 129 (13), 128 (16), 115 (19), 104 (33), 103 (20), 91 (19), 78 (17), 77 (24), 70 (22), 63 (11), 55 (22), 51 (26), 44 (14), 43 (16), and 42 (100).

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